

Snow and ice melting system





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Uponor Snow and ice melting design principles

The Uponor Snow and ice melting system needs a minimum of +35°C water temperature to function which means that a wide variety of heat sources can be used, including district heating return water, waste heat from various processes, heat pumps, etc. The heat from any suitable source can be transferred through a heat exchanger to the Uponor Snow and ice melting system. The basic and easy design consists of Uponor PE-Xa piping with pipe c/c of 250mm and Uponor Industrial Manifold. Where the Uponor Snow and ice melting system differs from an industrial underfloor heating system is that

when it functions it is almost always at maximum operating flows and temperatures with really high capacity needs.

Basic principle

A fundamental principle of the Uponor Snow and ice melting

Advantages

1. Very few system components with only one pipe size

system is that all loops from a

lengths. The heat will then be

given manifold should be of equal

distributed evenly, without the use

Uponor's Pre-insulated pipe system

for industrial buildings. The pipes

have an advantage of having a

of throttling valves. Distribution

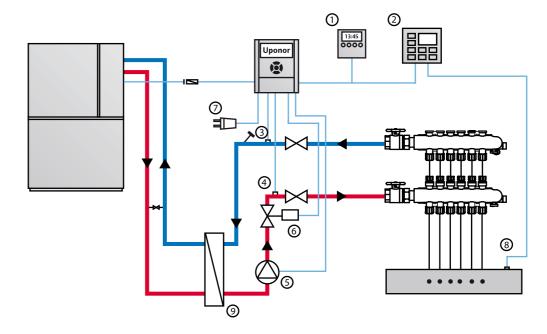
pipes should be designed using

2. Simple planning and installation

3. Easily predictable snow removal costs

ready insulation and flexibility to install them either into the ground or to the walls. Uponor Snow and ice melting system can be rated for heat outputs ranging up to 350 W per m². The output required is dependent on the geographical location and the requirements of the system. Thanks to our research work and long experience, we can always recommend an optimum output. The depth of installation and the loop centre-to-centre distance are also matched to the relevant system.





Simplified snow and ice melting scheme

The diagram above shows a typical connection for the Snow & ice

melting system. It is recommended to use a snow and ice detector to achieve better functionality and energy efficiency when using the Snow and ice melting system.



- 1. Simplified snow melting timer and pushbutton (alternative solution
- 2. Snowmelting controller with snow and ice sensor (alternative solution)
- 3. Supply sensor
- 4. Return sensor
- 5. Circulation pump 6. Mixing valve
- 7. 230 V AC
- 8. Ground sensor
- 9. Heat exchanger

"Heat from any suitable source can be transferred through a heat exchanger to the Uponor Snow and ice melting system."

The design

This illustration shows an example of a truck loading area with an Uponor Snow and ice melting system design. There are four uniformly sized (160m²) melting areas designed using two separate manifolds.

The table on the right shows design data and estimated energy consumption data from one of the four uniformly sized melting areas.

Example of Size of the a Designed ef Supply wate Liquid used Heat conduc Amount of s Temperature Speed of win Relative hum Length of sr Total amoun Total yearly snow & ice n

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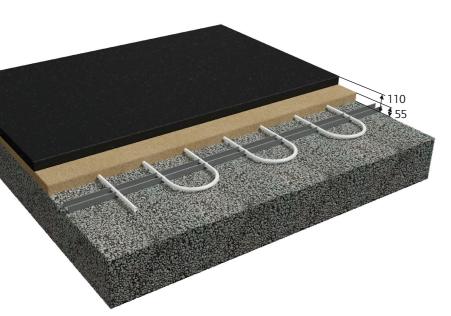


Example of Snow and ice melting calculations

e area to be melted	160 m ²
effect of the system	200 W/m ²
ter / return water	35/20 °C
d water / propylene glycol mix:	~65/~35 %
uctivity of the liquid	3,8 kJ/kg °C
f snowfall	20 mm/h
re of the environment	-5 °C
vind	8 m/s
umidity of the air	40%
snowfall	5 h
unt of yearly snowfall in hours	600 h
y energy used in estimated area for e melting	26100 kWh

Adjustable system solution for different structures.

The pipe can be covered with asphalt, gravel, sand or can be cast into concrete slab. For surface heating, the pipe should be laid about 100 mm below the finished surface level and at a centre-to-centre distance of 250 mm in order to ensure a uniform temperature at the surface. Mark the U-bends on site before laying the pipes. Fill the pipes with water and pressurize them before starting surfacing work (internal pressure of 0.2 MPa).



Asphalted surfaces:

The picture on the left shows the basic installation of an asphalted structure with low wear. Mainly used for parking areas and low trafficked truck loading areas.



Components: • Uponor PE-Xa pipe • Uponor PE-Xa Clamp track • Uponor Clamp track nail

The picture on the left shows the installation of an asphalted structure with high wear. The main usage areas are parking area ramps, high trafficked areas like roads and high truck traffic areas like the roads around logistic centers and so on.



Components: • Uponor PE-Xa pipe • Uponor Pipe tie



Important note for installation: The pipe can be covered with asphalt surfacing at a maximum temperature of 120°C, provided cold water flows through the pipes while the asphalt is being laid, and that the pipe is kept under pressure of 0.2 MPa.

Paving stones:

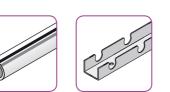
The picture on the right shows the installation a snow and ice melting system under paving stones. Installation is done using Uponor industrial clamp tracks. The main usage for paving stone areas include pedestrian areas and roads.



Components: • Uponor PE-Xa pipe • Uponor Pipe tie

Slab-surfaced pavements and surfaces:

The picture on the right shows the installation of a snow and ice melting system under slab surfaced pavements and surfaces. The main usage is for pedestrian areas.



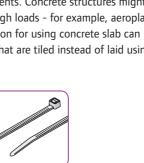
Components: • Uponor PE-Xa pipe • Uponor PE-Xa Clamp track • Uponor Clamp track nail

Concrete surfaces:

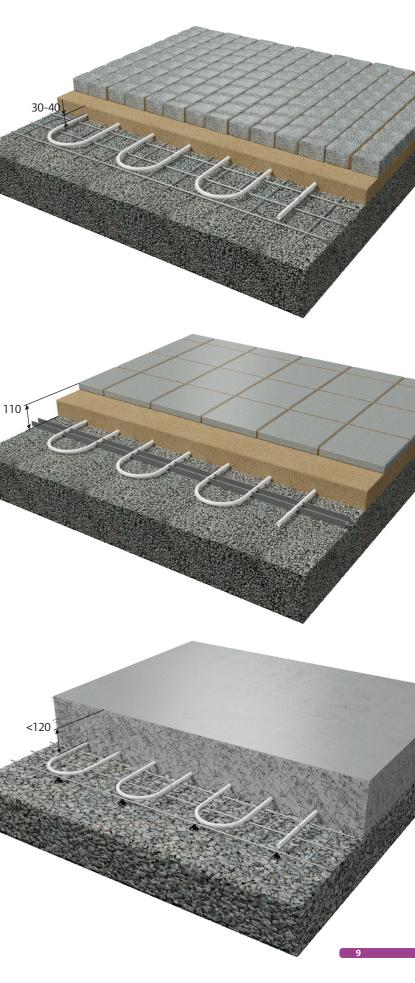
The picture on the right shows the installation of a snow and ice melting system into concrete cast. The actual concrete solution and its height is calculated according to structural requirements. Concrete structures might be used because of high loads - for example, aeroplane hangars. Another reason for using concrete slab can be for walking areas that are tiled instead of laid using paving stones.



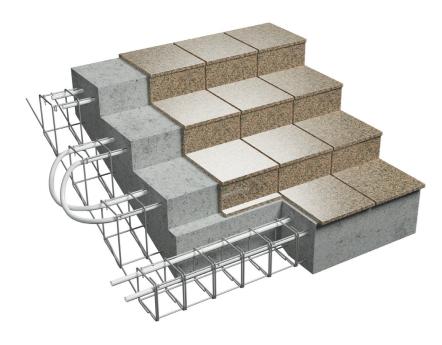
Components: • Uponor PE-Xa pipe • Uponor Pipe tie







Adjustable system solution for different structures.



Stairs:

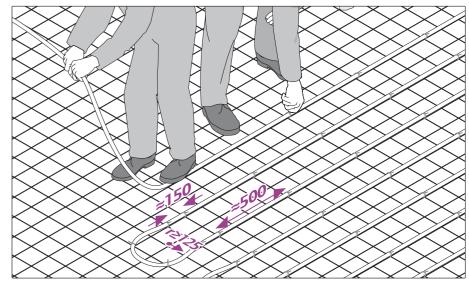
The picture on the left shows an example of an Uponor Snow and ice melting system and how Uponor PE-Xa pipes can be installed to a steel reinforcement in concrete staircase.

Components: • Uponor PE-Xa pipe Uponor Pipe tie

Installing Uponor heating pipes

The Uponor Snow and ice melting system is normally installed just underneath the surface layers of the structure. The structural requirements and load-bearing characteristics of such areas must be determined to ensure that predicted loads will not cause the piping to break. It should be noted that the installation of, and heating from, the Snow and ice melting system will not reduce structural requirements.

The brief guides describe only some aspects of the process of installing Uponor Snow and ice melting system.



Installation with clamp track

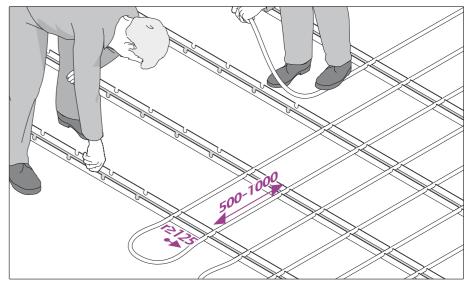


Deck structures:

The need for insulation is normally low because of the high temperature difference between the heated surface outdoors and the ground. But when designing deck structures like loading areas or bridges the structure will also cool from underneath. In these cases it is recommended to use insulation in the structure to prevent heat loss downwards.



Components: Uponor PE-Xa pipe Uponor Pipe tie



Installation with cable tie

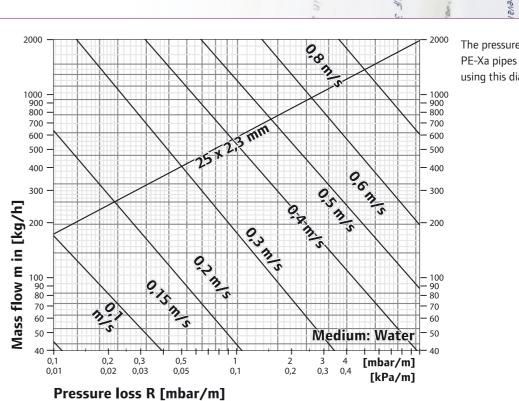
Uponor Snow and ice melting system components

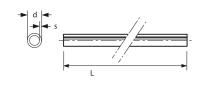
Uponor PE-Xa pipe



Uponor PE-Xa pipe, 25 x 2.3 mm			
Pipe dimensions	25 x 2.3 mm		
Material	PE-Xa		
Manufacture	As per EN ISO 15875		
Oxygen impermeability	As per DIN 4726		
Density	0.938 g/cm3		
Thermal conductivity	0.35 W/mK		
Lin. expansion coefficient	At 20 °C, 1.4 x 10-4 1/K		
	At 100 °C, 2.05 x 10-4 1/K		
Crystalline melting temperature	133 °C		
Materials class	E		
Min. bending radius	125 mm		
Surface roughness of pipe	0.007 mm		
Water content	0.33 l/m		
Range of heating application	70 °C/7.2 bar		
Max. cont. operating pressure (water at 20 $^\circ\text{C})$	15.4 bar (safety factor \geq 1.25)		
Max. cont. operating pressure (water at 70 °C)	7.2 bar (safety factor \geq 1.5)		
DIN-CERTCO registration no.	3V209 PE-X		
Pipe connections	Connector couplings and clamp ring scre connections, Q&E joints, type Uponor 25 x 2.3		
Preferred installation temperature	≥0 °C		
Approved water additive	Uponor GNF antifreeze		
UV protection	Optically opaque cardboard (unused portion must be stored in the box		

Uponor PE-Xa pipe, 25 x 2,3 mm pressure loss diagram

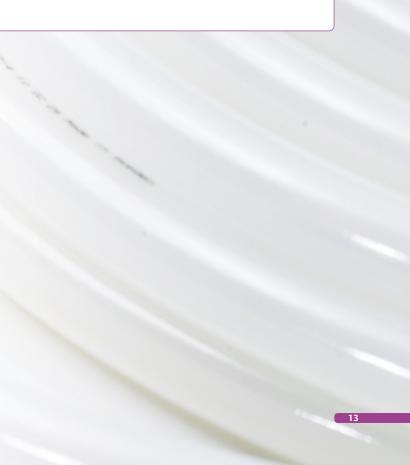




Uponor - Nr.	d [mm]	s [mm]	L [m]
1005278	25	2,3	220
1005282	25	2,3	240
1005277	25	2,3	270
1005281	25	2,3	300
1045072	25	2,3	340

The pressure gradient in Uponor PE-Xa pipes can be determined using this diagram.

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Uponor industrial manifold 25-G 11/2

Uponor Industrial Manifold 25-G 11/2 as supply and return for Industrial heating.

Consists of:

- supply-segment with control valves for preadjustment, heating loop connection for PE-Xa Pipe 25x2,3 with compression adapter.
- return-segment with thermostat upper section incl. cap for locking. Uponor actuator can be mounted directly on the return manifold, heating loop connection for PE-Xa Pipe 25x2,3 with compression adapter.

Spacing of outlet: 100 mm

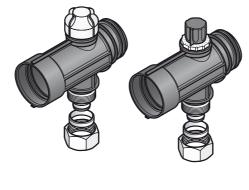
Uponor - Nr. 1045813

Uponor industrial manifold basic kit

Uponor Industrial Manifold Basic Kit for assembly and mounting the industrial manifold, consists of:

- 2 brackets short
- 2 brackets long
- 2 filling valves brass
- 2 thermometers 0 60°C
- 1 manometer
- 2 endcaps
- 2 flat sealing screw connection pieces with swivel nut
- 1 mounting material:
- 8x screws 6x60mm
- 8x plastic anchors 8x40mm
- 2x flat sealings 44x32x2

Uponor - Nr 1045815



Uponor industrial manifold bracket kit

Uponor Industrial Manifold Bracket Kit for mounting the Industrial manifold. Includes mounting materials.

Uponor - Nr. 1045816

Uponor industrial ball valve G11/2

Uponor Industrial Ball Valve G 11/2 for use with the Uponor Industrial manifold G 11/2 connection:

- G 11/2 FT - G 11/2 MT

Uponor - Nr. 1030135

Uponor Cable Tie

For fastening Uponor pipes on reinforcement steel mesh. Made of polyamide.

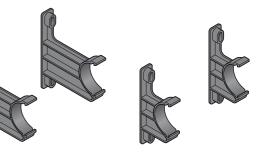
Uponor - Nr.	b [mm]	h [mm]
1005287	5	200
1005372	7	300

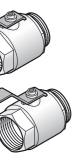
Uponor Pipe Bend Support

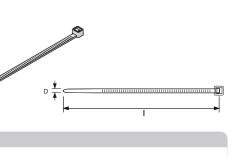
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Made of impact resistant plastic to provide $90\,^\circ$ bend.

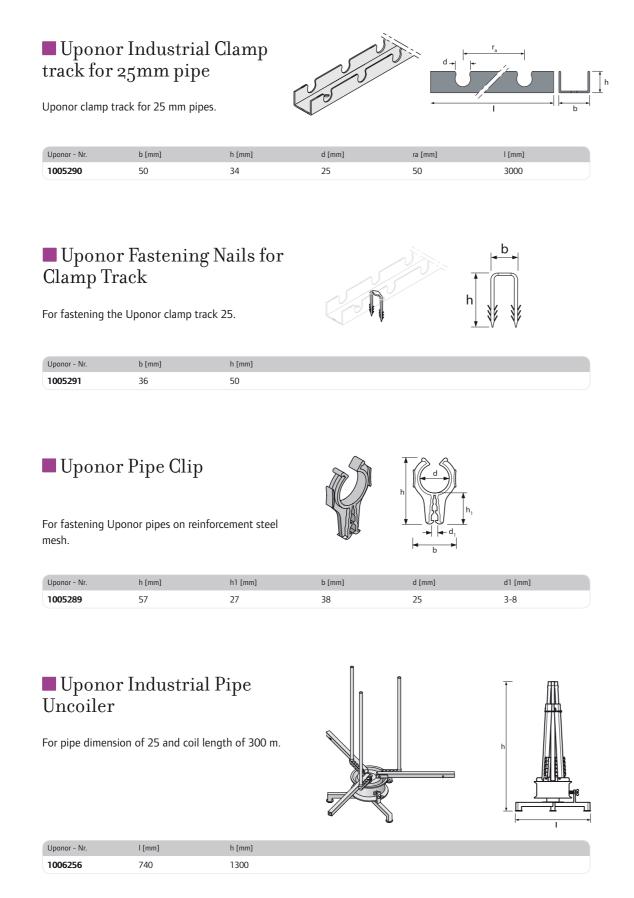
Uponor - Nr. d [mm] 1001230 25





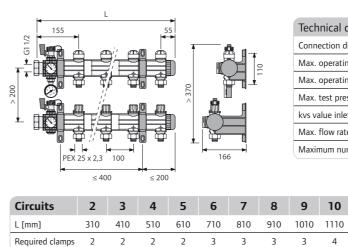


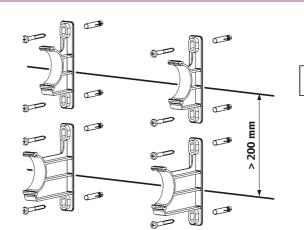


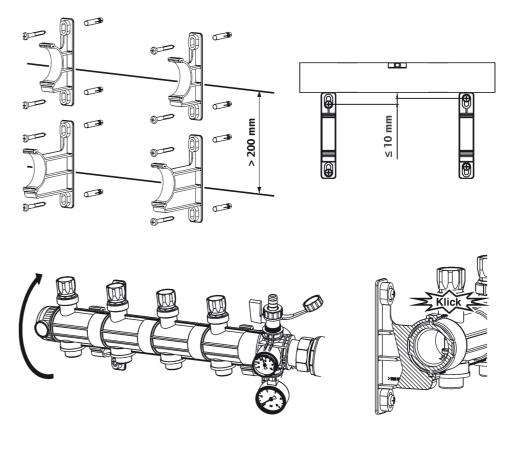


Installation of Uponor industrial manifold

Mounting

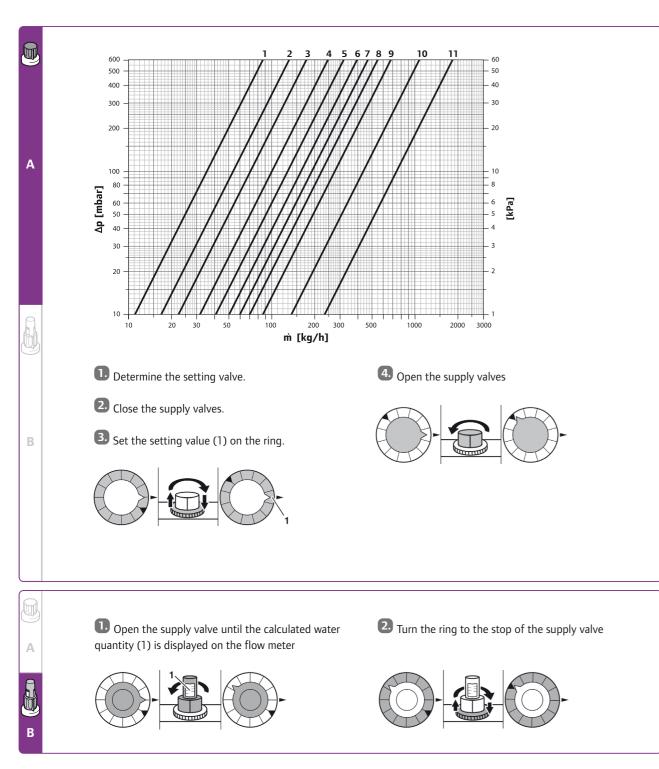






al data:	
n dimensions	G 1½
ating temperature	70°C
ating pressure	6 bar
pressure (24 h, \leq 30°C)	10 bar
nlet/outlet valves	2,35 m³/h
rate per manifold	10 m³/h
number of loops	20

D	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
0	1210	1310	1410	1510	1610	1710	1810	1910	2010	2110
	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	6



Hydraulic balancing

Startup and testing

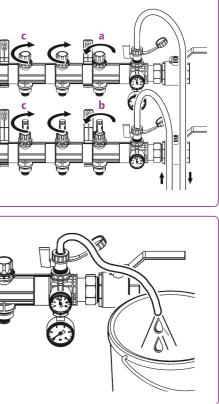
Fill pipes

- **1** Connect the hose to the boiler fill and drain valve and open the boiler fill and drain valve.
- **2** Open the return valve of the first heating circuit a. Open the supply valve of the first heating circuit b. Close all other valves c.
- **B** Fill the system to max. 5 bar and rinse it.
- **4** Close the supply and return valves of the filled heating circuit
- 5 Repeat the filling and rinsing procedure (steps 1 and 2) for all further heating circuits
- **6** Bleed the system at the boiler fill and drain valve.

Pressure test

- **1** Pressurise the system to 6 bar for 2 hours.
- 2 After 2 hours perform a leak test (the decrease in pressure may not exceed 0.2 bar)

Fill the system with water until the operating pressure is reached



Uponor offers construction professionals uncompromising quality, industry-leading expertise and long-lasting partnerships. As a leading international company, we are known for our solutions that help create better human environments.

Uponor's Simply More philosophy includes services for all stages of the construction process – from the first concept of a project to a building in use.

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